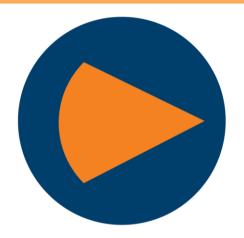
Agile Practices Webinar



Retrospective Techniques and Nonviolent Communications



Things to Know...



- All participants will be on mute
- Questions are welcome
- Use the question box to ask questions
- Training session is valid for 1 PDU
- Must be in attendance for full session
- PDU certificate sent by the end of today
- Recording and slides will be sent by tomorrow



Moderator



Denise Rodriguez

Project Insight

Marketing

Denise.Rodriguez@projectinsight.com

www.projectinsight.net





Project Insight





Schedule a customized demo today!

- +1 (949) 476-6499 x3
- info@projectinsight.net
- Request info: www.projectinsight.net



Presenter



Dave Cornelius, DM, MBA, PMP, PMI-ACP, CSP, SPC

IT and Business Professional

Founder of 5 Saturdays Education Outreach Program

Author and Speaker

Agile Coach and Trainer

Learn More: www.dave-cornelius.com

LinkedIn: www.linkedin.com/in/daveauck/

Twitter: @DrCorneliusInfo



"Believe we can make a difference."



Echos – October 20



- **Sanjay S.:** What if 2 weeks cadence is not long enough to produce something meaningful?
- **Dr. Dave's Response:** Evaluate the acceptance criteria and discovery after 2 weeks and improve over the next 2 weeks. Rinse and repeat until you improve to deliver the acceptance criteria.
- **Bruce H.:** Is there a benefit to mixing up the micro teams over a period of time if time zones are not a problem. Changing players across micro teams?
- **Dr. Dave's Response:** Yes. You remove complacency and encourage people to learn how to work with others.



Retrospective Techniques and Nonviolent Communications

KnolShare with Dr. Dave Cornelius

Topics



- Nonviolent Communications (NVC)
- Retrospective techniques





Learning Objectives



At the conclusion of the presentation you will be able to:

- Learn the power of using retrospectives to continually learn
- Demonstrate empathy through the practice of NVC
- Use compassionate language to resolve conflict
- Identify areas to build stronger and stable teams
- Help teams learn how to self-organize and resolve conflicts



NVC Components

- NVC objective is relationships based on honesty and empathy
- NVC gives and receives using the following four components:
 - Observing sense what is around
 - ► Feeling listen to inner feelings
 - Needing express what is needed
 - Requesting actions to enrich our lives



Observing Without Evaluating



- Sense what is seen, heard, or touched affecting our well being
- Leave evaluation out of our observations
- Combining observation and evaluation leads to criticism
- Observing people and their behavior is difficult without criticism

Identifying & Expressing Feelings

- Strong and passionate
 - ► I feel encouraged and energetic
- Delicate and sensitive
 - ▶ I feel vulnerable and affectionate
- Fear and loathing
 - ▶ I feel afraid and horrible
- Anger and confusion
 - I feel frustrated and helpless





- Autonomy to choose one's dreams, goals, and values
- Contribution to enrich another's life
- Achieve emotional liberation
- Caution: Do not meet your needs at the expense of others

Requesting to Enrich Your Life

- Use positive action language
 - Would you help with setting up the room?
- Be clear about what you want
 - ▶ Please remove the posters from the right wall
- Request with empathy
 - At times I feel I am a burden, can you help me run this meeting?
- Be aware of our objectives based on honesty and empathy
 - Solving this problem is important for the company's growth



Group Engagement #1



Please select the NVC four components:

- A) Observing, Feeling, Needing, and Requesting
- B) Observing, Giving, Needing, and Asking
- C) Requesting, Observing, Feelings, and Knowing
- D) Feeling, Needing, Requesting, and Leaving





Agile Principle #12: At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly.



Retrospectives Required Materials

- 3x3 Post-it note pads
- Large Post-it easel pad
- Sharpies
- Coloring pencils
- Blue painter's tape
- Space on a wall



Retrospectives Goals

- Retrospective is a tool to learn continually
- Reflection on the past to learn fast
- Expressed as a desire to learn and improve
- Use Improv and games to engage teams



Step 1: Setting the Stage

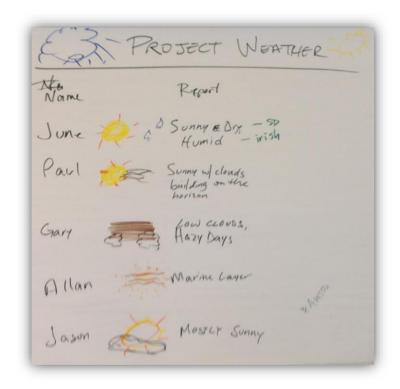
- Describes the sprint experience from each person's perspective
- ► Team members reflect on most recent experience

How to execute:

- 1. Identify at least four "Set the Stage" activities to keep things fresh
- 2. Select one of the "Set the Stage" activities per sprint
- 3. Time box for a 10- to 15-minute duration
- 4. Every team member documents his or her experience
- 5. Every team member talks about his or her experience
- 6. Scrum Master captures areas to improve or continue

Step 1: Set the Stage – Weather Report

Objective: The team members use weather metaphors to indicate the experience of the current sprint and the prediction of the next sprint.



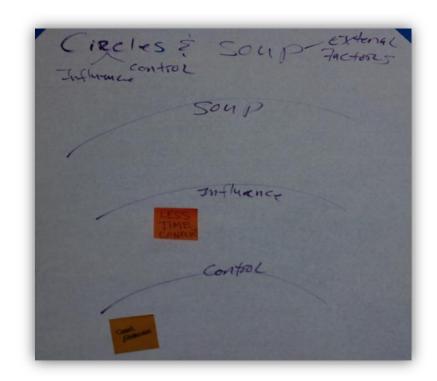


Step 2: Gather Data

- Subjective and objective
- What do we see, hear, feel, and how to respond
- Qualitative and quantitative
- How to execute (time-box 10 to 15 minutes):
 - Draw illustration on the large Post-it easel
 - 2. Place a large Post-it easel on a wall
 - 3. Team members write "positive experiences" on a Post-it note
 - 4. Team members write "challenging experiences" on a Post-it note
 - 5. Team members place the Post-it notes on the sheet
 - 6. Team members openly discuss postings
 - 7. Scrum Master captures areas to improve or continue

Step 2: Gather Data – Circles & Soup (Influence & External Factors)

- Scrum team expresses the sprint experience as follows:
 - ► Control (Circles 1) Responsible
 - ► Influence (Circles 2) Accountable
 - External factors out of my control (Soup)





Group Engagement #2



Circles and Soup help teams understand:

- A) Influence
- B) Control
- C) No Influence
- D) No Control
- E) All of the above



Step 3: Generate Insights

- Obtain deeper understanding of the selected activity for Continual Improvement
- How to execute:
 - 1. Develop a problem statement
 - 2. Execute the 5 Whys
 - 3. Define a planned resolution to the problem statement

Step 3: Generate Insights–5 Whys

- Problem Statement: Closing 80% stories at end of sprint encourages spill over
 - **Why 1:** Why would closing 80% of stories at the end of a sprint cause spill over? Answer: Because the story takes longer than anticipated.
 - **Why 2:** Why would story take longer to complete? Answer: Unknown complexity of the story.
 - **Why 3:** Why is the complexity unknown? Answer: The spike (prototype) does not provide enough learning that considers legacy code & unknowns (risk).
 - **Why 4:** Why is the spike not providing enough learning? Answer: Not thorough enough. Splits not done when new discoveries are made. Features definition of ready not met and not treated as a discovery story.
 - Why 5: Stop
- Planned Resolution: Split stories when new discoveries are made. Train the Scrum Masters and DBT team on story splitting techniques



Step 4: Decide What To Do

- Drive convergence to influence or sustain learning and improvements
- "Fist of Five" voting
- Roman voting
- Dot voting
- How to execute:
 - 1. Time box for a 10- to 15-minute duration
 - 2. Group common Post-it notes/titles to form a theme
 - 3. Discuss with the team for agreement
 - 4. Select one of the voting methods (dot voting most common)
 - Select the theme with the most votes
 - Only one improvement should be selected per sprint

Step 5: Close the Retrospective

- Plan -> Do -> Check -> Act
- How to execute:
 - 1. Plan: Create a user story for the next sprint
 - 2. Do: Communicate the expectation with the team for agreement
 - 3. Check: Validate if the team is working on the improvement
 - 4. Act: Close the story at the next retrospective if completed
 - 5. Act: If the story is not closed, get consensus from the team to keep or stop

Group Engagement #3



The Plan->Do->Check->Act circle of learning help teams improve.

- ► TRUE
- FALSE



Using NVC Retrospective Techniques

- **Situation:** A difficult experience during a sprint
- Spread all of the feelings cards on a table
- Ask each team member to pick 1-2 cards that reflect an emotion during the sprint
- Ask each team member to show their card and tell the story of their sprint experience
- ► The facilitator listens to each share with empathy
 - Acknowledge what's being said
 - Guessing at the needs based on story
- End with a period of harvesting
 - ► How was that process for you?
 - ▶ Do you notice a difference in how you are feeling?"



Summary



- NVC help us establish relationships based on honesty and empathy
- Observing, Feeling, Needing, and Requesting are the four NVC components
- ► Retrospectives enable continual learning and improvements
- Teams can experience psychological safety and share openly
- Collaboration is easier when trust is established





Q&A



Is there anything that was presented that I can clarify?





KnolShare.org



Our Services Include:

- Agile Assessment and Strategy
- Training
- Coaching
- Enterprise Agile Release Train (ART) Launch
- Business and Technology Process Optimization
- Presentation Training and Coaching



- TRAINING
- CONCEPT to CASH





Buy Book & Game on Amazon





- Title: Transforming Your leadership Character:
 The Lean Thinking and Agility Way
- Game: Agility LeaderShift
- Collaborative Learning





5 Saturdays.org – Education Program



- Empowering students with agility and innovation
- Learn more & Donate: Visit www.5Saturdays.org

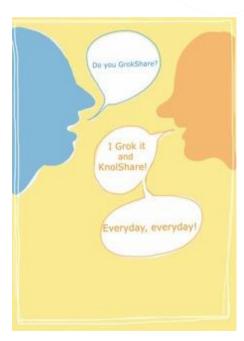




GrokShare.comto



- KnolShare with Dr. Dave Podcast
- Industry Experts
- Business & Technology topics
- Visit www.GrokShare.com
- "KnolShare with Dr. Dave" on iTunes
- "KnolShare with Dr. Dave" Google Play





Contact KnolShare



- Website: www.KnolShare.org
- Email: CustomerCare@KnolShare.org
- ► Twitter: @KnolShare





Any questions?



Follow, like, subscribe!

Project Insight Community

- Sign up for more
- They are all FREE
- Check them out today!

IT Methodology and Agile

PM Training

Leadership

Product Training

See you next time!